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Some types of synaptic specializations of dendrites. (Adapted from <u>Fiala and Harris, 1999</u>.)

Pattern	Characteristics	Examples
Varicosity	An enlargment in a thinner dendrite associated	Retinal amacrine cells
	with synaptic contacts	
Filopodium		
	A long, thin protrusion with a dense actin matrix and few internal organelles	Normally only seen during development
Simple Spine: Sessile	Synaptic protrusions without a neck constriction	
		Pyramidal cells of cortex
	Stubby spine	Cerebellar dentate nucleus
	Crook thorn	
Simple Spine: Pedunculated	Bulbous enlargement at tip	
		Pyramidal cells of cortex
	Thin spine	Pyramidal cells of cortex
	Mushroom spine Gemmule	Olfactory bulb granule cell
Branched Spine		
	Each branch has a unique presynaptic partner and each branch has the shape characteristics of a simple spine	CA1 pyramidal cells Granule cells of dentate gyrus Cerebellar Purkinje cells
Claw Ending		
Y	Synaptic protrusions at the tip of the dendrite associated with one or more glomeruli	Granule cells of cerebellar cortex and dorsal cochlear nucleus
Brush Ending		

prop	
J.S.S.S.S.S.	

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